

Clarín B

Wine grape variety.



Origin

This variety was obtained by INRA in 1953. Based on genetic analyses carried out in Montpellier, it would result from the crossbreeding of Carignan and Cinsaut.

Use

Wine grape variety.

Name of the variety in France

Clarín

Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

Regulatory data

In France, Clarín is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified.

Description elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a high density of prostrate hairs,
- the yellow young leaves,
- the large circular adult leaves, with seven or nine lobes, sometimes naked petiole veins, medium teeth with convex sides, no anthocyanin coloration of veins, a blistered goffered leaf blade, and on the lower side a medium density of erect hairs,
- the ellipsoid berries.

Evolution of mother vine surfaces

Year	1988	2000	2008	2018
ha	4	8	8	4.4

Genetic profile

	MicrosatelliteVVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	131	223	239	176	188	252	240	227	251
Allele 2	143	223	243	182	188	256	248	247	261

Cultivation and agronomic skills

This variety is fertile and productive with an erect bearing. It can be pruned short and managed by gobelet training.

Clonal selection in France

The only certified Clarin clone carries the number 761.

Phenology

Bud burst: 9 days after Chasselas.

Grape maturity: late-season, 4 weeks and a half after Chasselas.

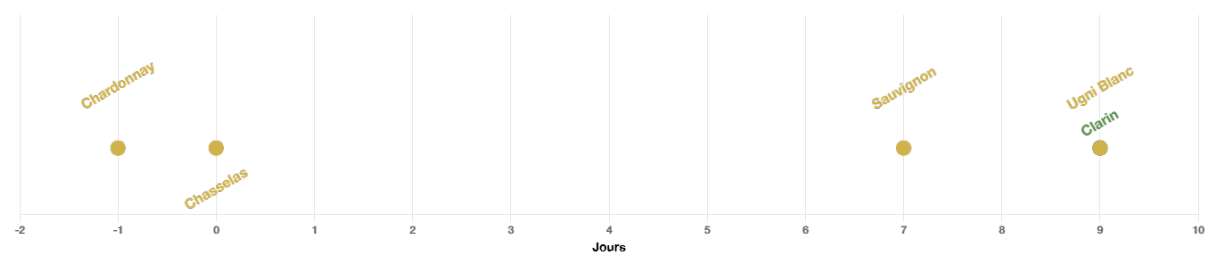
Technological potential

The bunches and berries are large. Wines produced with this variety are relatively neutral.

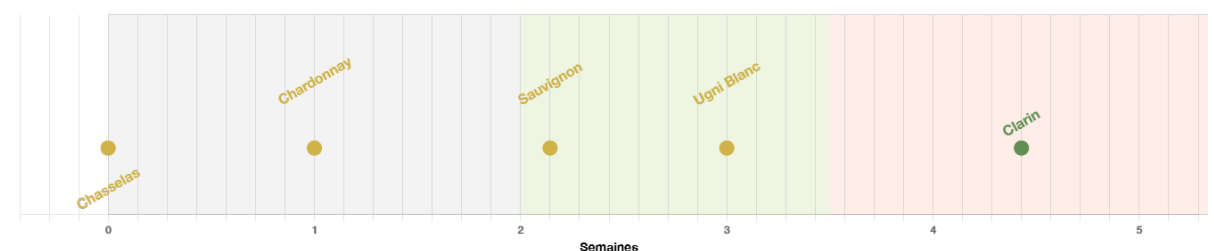
Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Clarin is sometimes a little susceptible to grey rot.

Debourrement



Maturité



Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - ©2023 Plantgrape, all rights reserved

Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.

- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.



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