

Clairette rose Rs

Wine, table and spirits grape variety.



Origin

This variety is the pink mutation of Clairette.

Use

Wine, table and spirits grape variety.

Name of the variety in France

Clairette rose

Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

Regulatory data

In France, Clairette rose is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified.

Description elements

The description corresponds to that of Clairette, except for the skin color of the berries when ripe, which is pink in this case.

Evolution of cultivated areas in France

Year	1958	1968	2000	2008	2018
ha	427	393	362	293	150

Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	135	223	239	176	186	252	240	227	255
Allele 2	149	229	249	188	204	252	262	257	261

Cultivation and agronomic skills

Aptitudes are close to those of Clairette.

Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

The susceptibilities and tolerances of Clairette rose seem identical to those of Clairette.

Clonal selection in France

The only certified Clairette rose clone carries the number 1003. A conservatory of 20 or so clones was planted in spring 200, in the wine-growing region of Bellegarde (French departement of Gard).

Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.
- Traité général de viticulture, Ampélographie. P. Viala and V. Vermorel, 1901-1909, Ed. Masson, Paris, France.

Phenology

Bud burst: 7 days after Chasselas.

Grape maturity: late-season, 4 weeks to 4 weeks and a half after Chasselas.

Technological potential

The bunches are large and the berries are medium in size. White wine-making using this variety produces interesting results in terms of quality. However, the risk of extracting color and having "stained" wines can be detrimental.



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