

# Canner seedless B

# Grape variety for canning.



# Origin

This variety was obtained in 1931 by Harold P. Olmo (California) by crossbreeding Hunisa and Sultanine.

### Use

Grape variety for canning.

Name of the variety in France

Canner seedless

#### Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

#### **Regulatory data**

In France, Canner seedless is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list. This variety is also listed in the catalogue of Italy.

### **Description elements**

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a low density of prostrate hairs,
- the green young leaves with bronze or reddish spots,

- the small circular adult leaves, with five lobes, a slightly open U-shaped petiole sinus, small to medium teeth with convex sides, moderate anthocyanin coloration of veins, a flat, shiny, finely blistered leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, no or a very low density of erect and prostrate hairs,

- the norrow ellipsoid berries.

# **Evolution of mother vine surfaces**

Year	2000	2018
ha	5	0

# **Genetic profile**

Microsatell	iteVVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	141	229	239	191	188	258	246	216	249
Allele 2	149	232	239	191	188	262	248	243	273

## Cultivation and agronomic skills

Canner seedless has a moderate to strong vigor and a semi-eretc to horizontal bearing. It must be trained and long pruned.

#### **Clonal selection in France**

The only certified Canner seedless clone carries the number 975.

### Phenology

Bud burst: 1 day before Chasselas. Grape maturity: late-season, 4 weeks and a half after Chasselas.

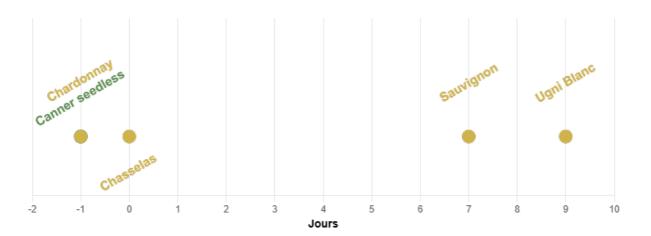
# Debourrement

#### **Technological potential**

Canner seedless' bunches are large and moderately compact. The berries are seedless, medium in size, simple-flavored with a medium thick skin and firm pulp.

# Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Canner seedless is a little susceptible to powdery mildew, downy mildew and phomopsis.

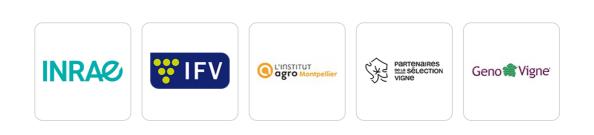


# Maturité



### **Bibliographic references**

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.



Plantgrape, all rights reserved, plantgrape.fr, UMT Géno-Vigne® INRAE - IFV - L'Institut Agro Montpellier