

New

# Magdeleine noire N

Wine grape variety.

## Origin

Magdeleine Noire is likely a very old grape variety that used to be grown all over western France.

## Use

Wine grape variety.

## Name of the variety in France

Magdeleine noire

## Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

## Regulatory data

In France, Magdeleine noire is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" since 2025 on the A list but is not yet classified.

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## Description elements

[Redaction in progress]

# Genetic profile

	MicrosatelliteVVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	149	225	239	178	188	260	233	239	248
Allele 2	149	234	247	188	194	260	235	270	248

## Cultivation and agronomic skills

Magdeleine noire is moderately vigorous and has a semi-erect bearing. Although this variety is fairly fertile when pruned long, it is not very productive when pruned short.

## Clonal selection in France

There is no certified clone for this variety yet.

## Phenology

Bud burst: 5 days before Chasselas.  
Grape maturity: early-season, 1 week after Chasselas.

## Debourrement

## Technological potential

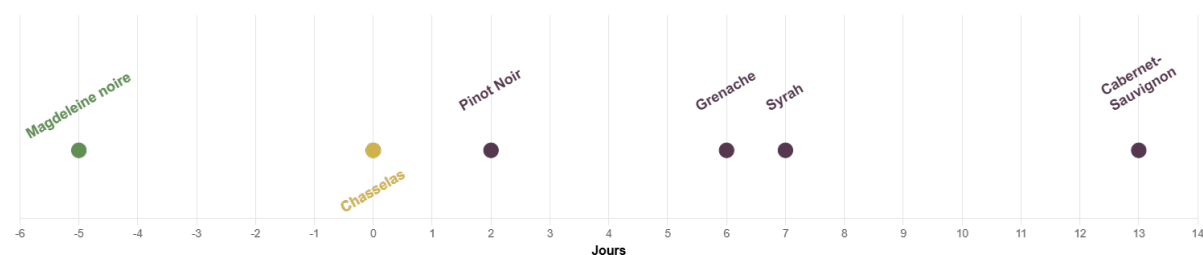
The clusters of the Magdeleine noire are medium-sized, often winged, and moderately compact. The berries are medium-sized and very bloomed. The skin is moderately thick, and the pulp is juicy.

The wines produced are colorful, with medium to low acidity and a fairly complex fruit profile. They feature aromas of black fruit and licorice and have a good balance between richness and structure.

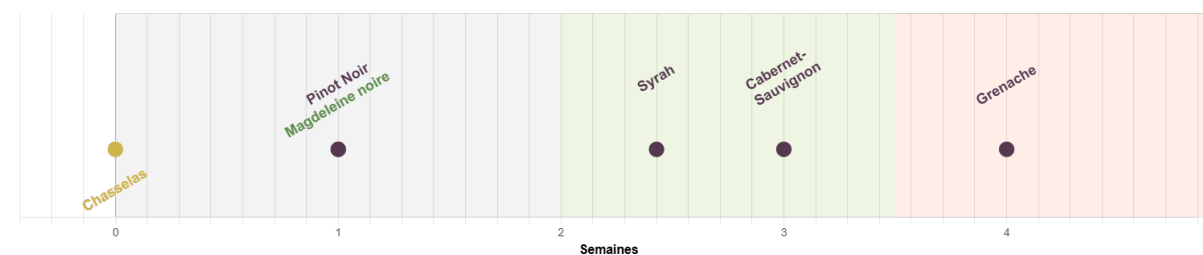
In the past, the Magdeleine noire was also grown on trellises and used as a table grape due to its early ripening.

## Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Because of its early ripening, Magdeleine noire is not very susceptible to grey rot, but it can be prone to bird damage. This variety has a high tolerance for flavescence dorée.



## Maturité



## Bibliographic references

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- Le vigneron charentais ou l'art de cultiver la vigne et d'en soigner les produits, Raguenaud, 1847.

- Parentage of Merlot and related winegrape cultivars of southwestern France: discovery of the missing link. Boursiquot et al., 2009.

- La Magdeleine noire des Charentes, génitrice du Merlot et du Cot, (enfin) retrouvée dans un vignoble du bassin Sud-Ouest. O. Yobrégat, 2014, La Grappe d'antan n°99.



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