

# Camaralet B

Wine grape variety.



## Origin

This variety originally comes from the Pyrénées.

## Use

Wine grape variety.

## Name of the variety in France

Camaralet

## Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

## Regulatory data

In France, Camaralet is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified.

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## Description elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a high density of prostrate hairs,
- the young leaves with bronze spots,
- the adult leaves with five lobes, deep open U-shaped lateral sinuses with often a tooth inside, an open petiole sinus, no anthocyanin coloration, a flat leaf blade and on the lower side of the leaves, a medium density of erect and prostrate hairs,
- the slightly ellipsoid berries.

# Evolution of cultivated areas in France

Year	1979	1988	1998	2008	2018
ha	4	2	2	1	8

## Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VMD5	VMD7	VMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VMD25	VMD28	VMD32
Allele 1	131	229	243	178	188	246	240	227	239
Allele 2	149	234	249	186	200	260	254	233	271

### Cultivation and agronomic skills

[Drafting underway]

### Clonal selection in France

The two certified Camaralet clones carry the numbers 1023 and 1024. A conservatory of ten or so clones was planted in the Jurançon wine-growing region (French department of Pyrénées-Atlantiques).

### Phenology

Bud burst: 9 days after Chasselas.

Grape maturity: mid-season, 3 weeks after Chasselas.

### Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.

### Technological potential

This variety is renowned for the quality of its very fine wines (alcoholic, honeyed and ample) and their aromatic typicity (cinnamon, pepper, fennel).

### Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Thanks to its very loose bunches, Camaralet is usually very little sensitive to grey rot, except when it is over-ripe.



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