

Nouveauté

# **Calys**

Wine grape variety.



#### Origin

Calys was obtained by INRAE. This interspecific hybrid results from the crossbreeding of a descendant of *Muscadinia rotundifolia* and Bronner.

# Use

Wine grape variety.

### Name of the variety in France

Calys

#### Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

# Regulatory data

In France, Calys is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" since 2024 on the A list and classified.

#### **Description elements**

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoots with a medium density of prostrate hairs,
- the green young leaves and a medium density of prostrate hairs,
- the shoots with red-stripped internodes,
- the medium to large, circular adult leaves, with three lobes, shallow lateral sinuses, a closed petiole sinus, short teeth compared to their width at the base, with straight or convex sides, a low anthocyanin pigmentation of the veins, a blistered, slightly twisted leaf blade, and on the lower side of the blade, a low density of prostrate hairs,
- the round-shaped berries.

#### Cultivation and agronomic skills

Calys is moderately vigorous, moderately fertile, with a horizontal bearing. This variety can be susceptible to magnesium deficiency.

#### Clonal selection in France

The only certified Calys clone carries the number 1389.

#### Phenology

Bud burst: 6 days before Chasselas. Grape maturity: early-season, 1 week after Chasselas.

#### Technological potential

Calys' bunches are small and loose. The berries are also small, with a neutral flavor. The sugar accumulation potential is high while maintaining a high acidity. It produces colored, fruity, complex wines, rich in tannins, with ageing capacity.

#### Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Calys is resistant to downy mildew and powdery mildew. It is also tolerant to black rot, however, in situations of risk, fungicide protection remains essential.

#### Bibliographic references

- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.











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