

Bouysselet B

Wine grape variety.







Origin

Bouysselet seems to come from the Haute-Garonne region, Fronton wine-growing region. Based on genetic analyses carried out in Montpellier, it would result from the crossbreeding of Savagnin and Plant de Cauzette.

Use

Wine grape variety.

Name of the variety in France

Bouysselet

Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

Regulatory data

In France, Bouysselet is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" since 2016 on the A list and classified.

Description elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a medium density of prostrate hairs,
- the copper reddish young leaves with bronze spots and a medium density of prostrate hairs,
- the shoots with red internodes, tendrils and petioles,
- the small adult leaves, entire or with three lobes, with a V-shaped petiole sinus with slightly overlapping lobes, short teeth compared to their width at the base with convex sides, a weak to moderate anthocyanin coloration, a flat, blistered leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a low density of erect hairs and a medium density of prostrate hairs,
- the broad ellipsoid berries.

Evolution of mother vine surfaces

| Year | 2018 |
|------|------|
| ha | 3.5 |

Genetic profile

| MicrosatelliteVVS2 | | VVMD5 | VVMD7 | VVMD27 | VRZAG62 | VRZAG79 | VVMD25 | VVMD28 | VVMD32 |
|--------------------|-----|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| Allele 1 | 141 | 229 | 257 | 186 | 194 | 246 | 248 | 233 | 251 |
| Allele 2 | 149 | 236 | 262 | 186 | 202 | 252 | 254 | 233 | 271 |

Cultivation and agronomic skills

Bouysselet has an erect bearing. Its yield potential is correct when it is pruned long.

Clonal selection in France

The only certified Bouysselet clone carries the number 1371.

Phenology

Bud burst: 7 days after Chasselas. Grape maturity: mid-season, 3 weeks after Chasselas.

Technological potential

Bouysselet's bunches are small and compact. The berries are medium in size, simple-flavored, with a thick bloomed skin. The Bouysselet wines are lively with mineral notes and high alcohol and acidity levels.

Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Bouysselet is a quite "rustic" variety, not very susceptible to downy mildew and to grey rot.

Bibliographic references

- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.
- Synonymie ampélographique de l'Ouest viticole français. Artozoul et al., 1960, Ed. INRA, France.
- Cépages du Sud-Ouest, 2000 ans d'histoire. G. Lavignac, 2001, Ed. Rouergue/INRA, France.
- Le Bouysselet blanc de Vilaudric. O. Yobregat, 2016, Ed. IFV, France.











Plantgrape, all rights reserved, plantgrape.fr, UMT Géno-Vigne® INRAE - IFV - L'Institut Agro Montpellier

