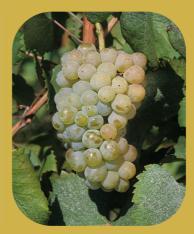


Rèze B

Wine grape variety.





Origin

This variety is originally from Switzerland.

Use

Wine grape variety.

Name of the variety in France

Rèze

Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

Regulatory data

In France, Rèze is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" since 2015 on the A list and classified.

Description elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a low density of prostrate hairs,
- the light green young leaves with no erect hairs,
- the shoots with green or red-striped internodes,
- the small to medium, pentagonal adult leaves, with three or five lobes, moderately deep upper lateral sinuses, an open U-shaped petiole sinus, medium to long teeth compared to their width at the base with convex or straight sides, no anthocyanin coloration of veins, a flat, sometimes twisted and finely blistered leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, no erect and prostrate hairs,
- the round-shaped or slightly ellipsoid berries that can become golden or slightly pigmented when fully ripe.

Evolution of cultivated areas in France

 Year
 2018

 ha
 0.1

Genetic profile

MicrosatelliteVVS2		VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	131	223	247	182	194	248	238	243	239
Allele 2	131	225	249	186	200	252	240	267	261

Cultivation and agronomic skills

Rèze is has a low to moderate vigor and a semi-erect bearing. Its fertility may sometimes be irregular.

Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Rèze is sensitive to grey rot.

Clonal selection in France

There is no certified clone for this variety yet.

Bibliographic references

- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources
 Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.
- Principales variétés de vigne cultivées en Suisse. P. Dupraz and J-L. Spring, 2010, Ed. Agroscope, Switzerland.
- Cépages suisses, histoires et origines. J. Vouillamoz, 2017, Ed. Favre, Switzerland.

Phenology

Bud burst: 2 days before Chasselas. Grape maturity: early-season, 2 weeks after Chasselas.

Technological potential

Rèze's bunches are small to medium in size et moderately compact. The berries are medium, simple-flavored, with a moderately thick skin and a juicy pulp. The wines are quite neutral, light, lively, acidic and with white flowers, spice or resinous trees aromas.











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