

Goron de Bovernier N

Wine grape variety.



Origin

This variety is originally from Switzerland.

Use

Wine grape variety.

Name of the variety in France

Goron de Bovernier

Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

Regulatory data

In France, Goron de Bovernier is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" since 2014 on the B list.

Description elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with no or a slight density of prostrate hairs,
- the bronzed young leaves,
- the small to medium adult leaves, with three, five or sometimes seven lobes, an open or slightly open V-shaped petiole sinus, not numerous teeth, short compared to their width at the base with convex or straight sides, no anthocyanin coloration of veins, a slightly blistered leaf blade, sometimes involute, and on the lower side of the leaves, no or a very low density of erect and prostrate hairs,
- the round-shaped berries.

Evolution of cultivated areas in France

Year 2018

ha 0

Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	131	225	239	186	194	248	240	227	239
Allele 2	149	225	247	186	194	260	262	243	261

Cultivation and agronomic skills

Goron de Bovernier is a vigorous variety with a semi-erect or horizontal bearing. It is susceptible to magnesium deficiency.

Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Goron de Bovernier is very sensitive to grey rot.

Clonal selection in France

The only certified Goron de Bovernier clone carries the number 1350.

Bibliographic references

- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.
- Principales variétés de vigne cultivées en Suisse. Ph. Dupraz and J-L. Spring, 2010, Ed. Agroscope, Switzerland.
- Origine des cépages valaisans et valdotains. J. Vouillamoz and G. Moriondo, 2011, Ed. Belvédère, Switzerland.
- Cépages suisses, histoires et origines. J. Vouillamoz, 2017, Ed. Favre, Switzerland.

Phenology

Bud burst: 1 day after Chasselas.
Grape maturity: mid-season, 3 weeks to 3 weeks and a half after Chasselas.

Technological potential

Boron de Bovernier's bunches are medium in size and compact. The berries are small to medium in size, simple-flavored, with a thin skin. This variety produces aromatic and moderately alcoholic wines, with a fairly high titrable acidity.



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