

## Katharina Rs

Variety exclusively for amateurs and private domestic use.







### Origin

The variety Katharina was obtained by G. Weiss and G. Mayer in Austria. This interspecific hybrid results from the crossbreeding of Eger and Original.

## Use

Variety exclusively for amateurs and private domestic use.

## Name of the variety in France

Katharina

#### Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

## Regulatory data

In France, Katharina is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" since 2013 on the A list.

## **Description elements**

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a medium density of prostrate hairs,
- the copper red young leaves with a medium density of prostrate hairs,
- the shoots with internodes that are red on the dorsal side and red-striped on the ventral side,
- the circulo-kidney-shaped, adult leaves, entire or with three lobes, with shallow lateral sinuses, an open U-shaped petiole sinus, long to medium teeth compared to their width at the base with straight sides or one side concave and one side convex, a strong anthocyanin coloration of veins, a twisted or involute leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a low density of erect and prostrate hairs,
- the ovoid berries.

## **Evolution of cultivated areas in France**

 Year
 2018

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## Genetic profile

MicrosatelliteVVS2		VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	131	223	239	176	194	246	240	227	239
Allele 2	131	234	251	191	194	250	240	257	271

#### Cultivation and agronomic skills

This variety is vigorous but moderately fertile.

## Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Katharina is not very sensitive to downy mildew, powdery mildew and grey rot. This variety is however sensitive to phomopsis.

## **Clonal selection in France**

There is no certified clone for this variety yet.

## Bibliographic references

- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Tafeltrauben: interessante neue Sorten. G. Goetz, 2005, Germany.
- Journal of Horticultural Research 2014, vol. 22(1): 101-107, J. Lisek, Poland.

# Phenology Bud burst: 1

Bud burst: 11 day after Chasselas. Grape maturity: early-season, 1 week after Chasselas.

#### **Technological potential**

Katharina's bunches are large. The berries are large to very large, with a thin skin and a juicy pulp.











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