

# Evita blanche B

Variety exclusively for amateurs and private domestic use.



## Origin

Evita blanche was obtained in Austria by G. Weiss and G. Mayer. This interspecific hybrid results from the crossbreeding of Zala Gyöngye and Perlette.

## Use

Variety exclusively for amateurs and private domestic use.

## Name of the variety in France

Evita blanche

## Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

## Regulatory data

In France, Evita blanche is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" since 2013 on the A list. This variety is also listed in the catalogue of Germany.

## Description elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a low density of prostrate hairs,
- the shiny, green young leaves with bronze spots and no or a very low density of erect and prostrate hairs,
- the shoots with long tendrils and red internodes on the dorsal side and red-striped internodes on the ventral side,
- the circular or circulo-kidney-shaped, medium-sized adult leaves, entire or with three or five lobes, with a not very open U-shaped petiole sinus, short to medium teeth compared to their width at the base with straight or convex sides, no anthocyanin coloration of veins, a twisted, slightly blistered leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a very low density of erect and prostrate hairs,
- the slightly ellipsoid berries.

# Evolution of cultivated areas in France

Year

2018

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## Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	131	223	247	176	186	256	240	216	271
Allele 2	153	234	249	178	204	260	240	243	271

### Cultivation and agronomic skills

Evita blanche is a vigorous variety, with a semi-erect bearing, and must be trellised.

### Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Evita blanche is not very sensitive to downy mildew, powdery mildew and to grey rot.

### Clonal selection in France

There is no certified clone for this variety yet.

### Phenology

Bud burst: 1 day after Chasselas.

Grape maturity: early-season, same as Chasselas.

### Technological potential

Evita blanche's bunches are large to very large with a long peduncle. The berries are medium to large, with a slightly aromatic flavor, a moderately thick skin and a firm, crunchy and moderately juicy pulp.

### Bibliographic references

- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Beschreibende Sortenliste Reben. Bundessortenamt, 2015, Hanovre, Germany.



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