

# Sérénèze N

### Wine grape variety.



### Origin

This variety is originally from Isère region. Based on genetic analyses carried out in Montpellier, it would be the result of crossbreeding Gouais blanc and Chatus.

### Use

Wine grape variety.

Name of the variety in France

Sérénèze

### Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

### **Regulatory data**

In France, Sérénèze is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified.

### **Description elements**

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a medium to high density of prostrate hairs,

- the young leaves with bronze spots,

- the circular adult leaves, with five lobes, an open U-shaped petiole sinus, small to medium teeth with straight sides or with one side convex and one side concave, no or a slight anthocyanin coloration of veins, an involute, twisted, finely blistered leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a low to medium erect hairs and no or a very low density of prostrate hairs,

- the round-shaped or slightly obloid berries.

## **Evolution of mother vine surfaces**

Year	2018
ha	0.2

# **Genetic profile**

Microsatel	iteVVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	131	223	249	178	188	244	238	235	271
Allele 2	131	232	249	191	204	252	240	245	271

### Cultivation and agronomic skills

Sérénèze is moderately vigorous, with a semi-erect to erect bearing, and is generally pruned long. It resists fairly well to winter frosts.

### **Clonal selection in France**

The only certified Sérénèze clone carries the number 1300.

#### Phenology

Bud burst: 4 days after Chasselas. Grape maturity: mid-season, 3 weeks after Chasselas.

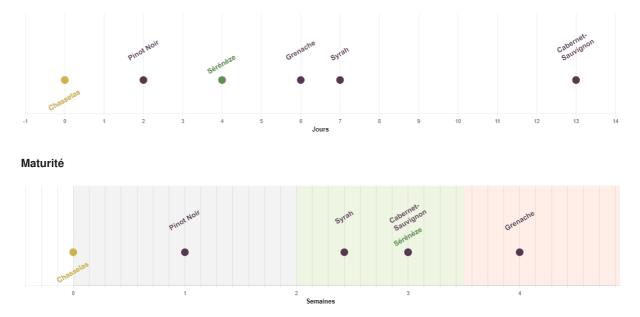
### Debourrement

### **Technological potential**

Sérénèze's bunches and berries are medium in size. This variety produces light, fruity, not very colored and relatively acidic wines.

### Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Sérénèze is very susceptible to downy mildew and is also sensitive to grey rot.



**Bibliographic references** 

Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.

- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.



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