

# Mècle N

Wine grape variety.



## Origin

This variety is originally from the Isère region.

## Use

Wine grape variety.

## Name of the variety in France

Mècle

## Synonymy

In France, this variety can officially be called "Mescle" regarding plant propagation material.

## Regulatory data

In France, Mècle is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified.

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## Description elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a high density of prostrate hairs,
- the green young leaves,
- the circular adult leaves, with five or seven lobes, a slightly open U-shaped petiole sinus, small to medium teeth, short compared to their width at the base with convex sides, no anthocyanin coloration of veins, a flat or slightly revolute leaf blade, slightly curly on the edges, and on the lower side of the leaves, a low density of prostrate hairs,
- the ellipsoid berries.

# Evolution of cultivated areas in France

Year	1958	1968	2018
ha	18	18	0.5

## Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VMD5	VMD7	VMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VMD25	VMD28	VMD32
Allele 1	131	223	239	186	188	246	240	233	261
Allele 2	149	229	247	188	194	252	248	235	271

### Cultivation and agronomic skills

Mècle is fairly vigorous and can be pruned long. Shoots have a semi-erect bearing.

### Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Mècle is susceptible to grey rot.

### Clonal selection in France

There is no certified clone for this variety yet.

### Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France, (under the name "Mècle de Bourgoin").
- Traité général de viticulture, Ampélographie. P. Viala and V. Vermorel, 1901-1909, Ed. Masson, Paris, France.

### Phenology

Bud burst: 2 days after Chasselas. Grape maturity: mid-season, 3 weeks after Chasselas.

### Technological potential

Mècle's bunches are small to medium in size and the berries are medium. This variety produces tannic, well structured, and colored wines. The sugar accumulation potential of this variety is average.



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