

# Villard blanc B

Wine grape variety.



## Origin

Villard blanc is an interspecific hybrid that results from a crossbreeding involving Subéreux (6905 Seibel).

## Use

Wine grape variety.

## Name of the variety in France

Villard blanc

## Synonymy

In France, this variety can officially be called "12375 Seyve-Villard" regarding plant propagation material.

## Regulatory data

In France, Villard blanc is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified. This variety is also listed in the catalogue of Hungary.

## Description elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot that is half open, with a low density of prostrate hairs,
- the reddish, very shiny young leaves,
- the circular or slightly kidney-shaped adult leaves, entire or with three lobes, with shallow lateral sinuses, an open U-shaped petiole sinus with sometimes naked petiole veins, big teeth, long compared to their width at the base with straight or convex sides, a weak or moderate anthocyanin coloration of veins, a smooth shiny leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, no or a very low density of erect and prostrate hairs,
- the ovoid or narrow ellipsoid berries.

# Evolution of mother vine surfaces

Year	1958	1968	1998	2008	2018
ha	19199	21397	1129	439	133

## Genetic profile

	MicrosatelliteVVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	131	229	237	178	178	256	240	233	239
Allele 2	141	234	251	186	194	262	254	235	255

### Cultivation and agronomic skills

Villard blanc is vigorous, fairly fertile with a semi-erect to horizontal bearing. It can be pruned short or moderately long and preferably trellised.

### Clonal selection in France

The only certified Villard blanc clone carries the number 1304.

### Phenology

Bud burst: 8 days after Chasselas.

Grape maturity: late-season, 4 weeks after Chasselas.

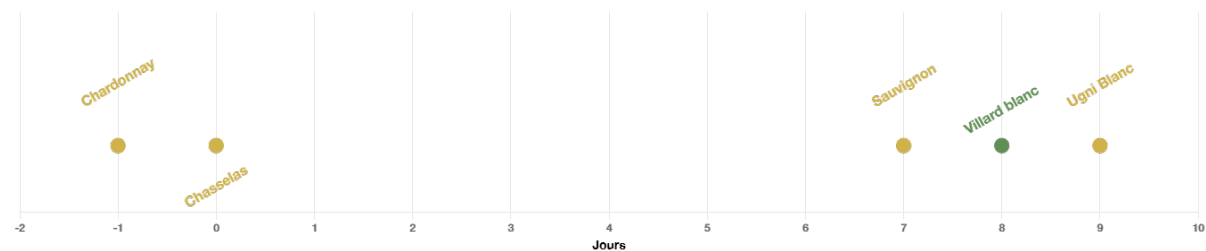
### Technological potential

The bunches are medium to large size, not very compact and the berries are also medium to large. Villard blanc produces ordinary quality wines.

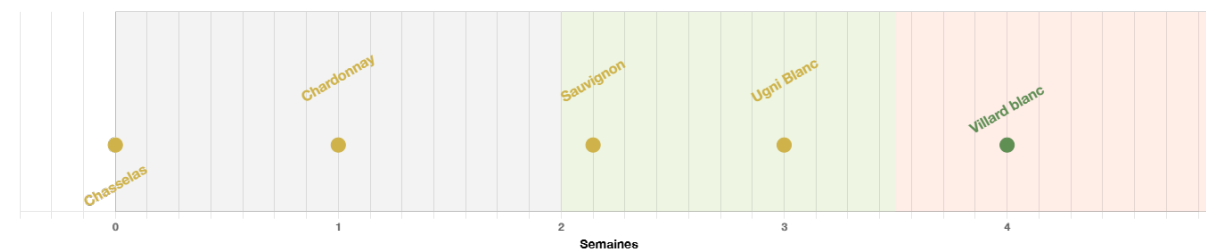
### Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Villard blanc resists well to downy mildew and grey rot but is a little susceptible to powdery mildew and anthracnose. It should preferably be grafted.

### Debourrement



### Maturité



### Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.  
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- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Cépages et vignobles de France, tome 1. P. Galet, 1988, Ed. Dehan, Montpellier, France.



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