

Valdigué N

Wine grape variety.



Origin

Valdigué would originally be from the Quercy region.

Use

Wine grape variety.

Name of the variety in France

Valdigué

Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

Regulatory data

In France, Valdigué is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified.

Description elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a high density of prostrate hairs,
- the yellow young leaves,
- the pentagonal adult leaves, entire or with three lobes, with a slightly open petiole sinus with parallel edges or slightly overlapping lobes, short teeth compared to their width at the base with straight sides, no anthocyanin coloration of veins, a blistered leaf blade, undulate between de veins, and on the lowers side of the leaves, a low to medium density of erect and prostrate hairs,
- the round-shaped or slightly ellipsoid berries, with often small berries that remain green.

Evolution of cultivated areas in France

Year	1958	1968	1979	1988	1998	2008	2018
ha	4908	4364	844	273	269	172	88

Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VVMD5	VVMD7	VVMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VVMD25	VVMD28	VVMD32
Allele 1	141	223	239	176	196	256	248	235	239
Allele 2	149	236	262	188	202	260	254	267	255

Cultivation and agronomic skills

This variety is fertile, productive, with an erect bearing, and is well adapted to short pruning.

Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Valdiguié is slightly susceptible to grey rot and powdery mildew.

Clonal selection in France

There is no certified clone for this variety yet.

Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.
- Traité général de viticulture, Ampélographie. P. Viala and V. Vermorel, 1901-1909, Ed. Masson, Paris, France.

Phenology

Bud burst: 4 days after Chasselas.
Grape maturity: mid-season, 3 weeks after Chasselas.

Technological potential

The bunches and berries are medium to large in size. Valdiguié produces colored, bright, light wines, with a low alcohol degree and tannins that are a little bit astringent.



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