

# Terret noir N

Wine grape variety.







### Origin

Terret noir is originally from the Languedoc region.

#### Use

Wine grape variety.

#### Name of the variety in France

Terret noir

#### Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

#### Regulatory data

In France, Terret noir is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified.

#### **Description elements**

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a high density of prostrate hairs,
- the green or yellow young leaves with bronze spots,
- the adult leaveswith three lobes, U-shaped lateral sinuses with overlapping lobes, a slightly open or closed petiole sinus with overlapping lobes, medium teeth with straight or convex sides, no anthocyanin coloration of veins, a flat leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, medium density of erect and prostrate hairs,
- the round-shaped or slightly ellipsoid berries.

# **Evolution of mother vine surfaces**

| Year | 1958 | 1968 | 1979 | 1988 | 1998 | 2008 | 2018 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| ha   | 131  | 151  | 1149 | 808  | 623  | 273  | 65   |

# **Genetic profile**

| MicrosatelliteVVS2 |     | VVMD5 | VVMD7 | VVMD27 | VRZAG62 | VRZAG79 | VVMD25 | VVMD28 | VVMD32 |
|--------------------|-----|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| Allele 1           | 131 | 223   | 243   | 176    | 188     | 252     | 238    | 257    | 239    |
| Allele 2           | 131 | 223   | 247   | 182    | 204     | 252     | 240    | 257    | 239    |

#### Cultivation and agronomic skills

Terret noir has an erect bearing and is well adapted to gobelet or cordon training systems.

#### **Clonal selection in France**

The only certified Terret noir clone carries the number 1084.

#### Phenology

Bud burst: 9 days after Chasselas.

Grape maturity: late-season, 4 weeks and a half after Chasselas.

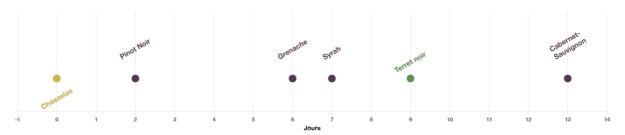
#### **Technological potential**

The bunches are large and the berries are medium in size. Terret noir produces light, not very alcoholic and not very colored wines.

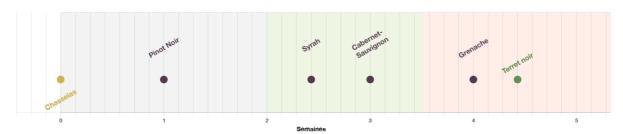
#### Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Terret noir is rather sensitive to downy mildew and powdery mildew. It is also susceptible to wood diseases.

#### Debourrement



#### Maturité



## Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
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- Traité général de viticulture, Ampélographie. P. Viala and V. Vermorel, 1901-1909, Ed. Masson, Paris, France.











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