

Graisse B

Wine and spirits grape variety.



Origin

This variety is found in the south west of France. Based on published genetic analyses, Graisse is probably a descendant of Gouais blanc.

Use

Wine and spirits grape variety.

Name of the variety in France

Graisse

Synonymy

There is no officially recognized synonym in France nor in the other countries of the European Union, for this variety.

Regulatory data

In France, Graisse is officially listed in the "Catalogue of vine varieties" on the A list and classified.

Description elements

The identification is based on:

- the tip of the young shoot with a high density of prostrate hairs,
- the green or yellow young leaves,
- the dark green adult leaves, entire or with five lobes, with a slightly open petiole sinus, medium to long teeth compared to their width at the base with straight sides, no anthocyanin coloration, a twisted, blistered and goffered leaf blade, and on the lower side of the leaves, a medium to high density of erect and prostrate hairs,
- the round-shaped berries.

Evolution of cultivated areas in France

Year	1958	1968	1979	1988	2000	2008	2018
ha	2722	2248	420	72	25	19	17

Genetic profile

Microsatellite	VVS2	VMD5	VMD7	VMD27	VRZAG62	VRZAG79	VMD25	VMD28	VMD32
Allele 1	141	223	239	176	188	244	254	233	239
Allele 2	149	232	249	176	204	252	262	245	271

Cultivation and agronomic skills

Graisse is productive with an erect bearing and may be pruned short. It tends to produce many off shoots and suckers.

Susceptibility to Diseases and Pests

Graisse is a little susceptible to powdery mildew.

Clonal selection in France

The only certified Graisse clone carries the number 1134.

Bibliographic references

- Catalogue des variétés et clones de vigne cultivés en France. Collectif, 2007, Ed. IFV, Le Grau-du-Roi, France.
- Documentary collections of the Centre de Ressources Biologiques de la Vigne de Vassal-Montpellier, INRAE - Institut Agro Montpellier, Marseillan, France.
- Dictionnaire encyclopédique des cépages et de leurs synonymes. P. Galet, 2015, Ed. Libre&Solidaire, France.
- Traité général de viticulture, Ampélographie. P. Viala and V. Vermorel, 1901-1909, Ed. Masson, Paris, France.

Phenology

Bud burst: 6 days after Chasselas.
Bud burst: late-season, 4 weeks after Chasselas.

Technological potential

The bunches are medium in size and compact and the berries are medium to large. Graisse has a low sugar accumulation potential. It produces neutral and acidic wines.



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